Dell OptiPlex 9010/7010 Ultra Small Form Factor Owner's Manual



Regulatory Model: D01U Regulatory Type: D01U003

Notes, Cautions, and Warnings

NOTE: A NOTE indicates important information that helps you make better use of your computer.

CAUTION: A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.

M WARNING: A WARNING indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.

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2015 - 01

Rev. A02

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Working on Your Computer

Before Working Inside Your Computer

Use the following safety guidelines to help protect your computer from potential damage and to help to ensure your personal safety. Unless otherwise noted, each procedure included in this document assumes that the following conditions exist:

- You have read the safety information that shipped with your computer.
- A component can be replaced or--if purchased separately--installed by performing the removal procedure in reverse order.

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WARNING: Disconnect all power sources before opening the computer cover or panels. After you finish working inside the computer, replace all covers, panels, and screws before connecting to the power source.

WARNING: Before working inside your computer, read the safety information that shipped with your computer. For additional safety best practices information, see the Regulatory Compliance Homepage at www.dell.com/ regulatory_compliance

CAUTION: Many repairs may only be done by a certified service technician. You should only perform troubleshooting and simple repairs as authorized in your product documentation, or as directed by the online or telephone service and support team. Damage due to servicing that is not authorized by Dell is not covered by your warranty. Read and follow the safety instructions that came with the product.

CAUTION: To avoid electrostatic discharge, ground yourself by using a wrist grounding strap or by periodically touching an unpainted metal surface, such as a connector on the back of the computer.

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CAUTION: Handle components and cards with care. Do not touch the components or contacts on a card. Hold a card by its edges or by its metal mounting bracket. Hold a component such as a processor by its edges, not by its pins.

CAUTION: When you disconnect a cable, pull on its connector or on its pull-tab, not on the cable itself. Some cables have connectors with locking tabs; if you are disconnecting this type of cable, press in on the locking tabs before you disconnect the cable. As you pull connectors apart, keep them evenly aligned to avoid bending any

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connector pins. Also, before you connect a cable, ensure that both connectors are correctly oriented and aligned. NOTE: The color of your computer and certain components may appear differently than shown in this document.

To avoid damaging your computer, perform the following steps before you begin working inside the computer.

- 1. Ensure that your work surface is flat and clean to prevent the computer cover from being scratched.
- 2. Turn off your computer (see Turning Off Your Computer).

CAUTION: To disconnect a network cable, first unplug the cable from your computer and then unplug the cable from the network device.

- 3. Disconnect all network cables from the computer.
- 4. Disconnect your computer and all attached devices from their electrical outlets.
- 5. Press and hold the power button while the computer is unplugged to ground the system board.

6. Remove the cover.

CAUTION: Before touching anything inside your computer, ground yourself by touching an unpainted metal surface, such as the metal at the back of the computer. While you work, periodically touch an unpainted metal surface to dissipate static electricity, which could harm internal components.

Turning Off Your Computer

CAUTION: To avoid losing data, save and close all open files and exit all open programs before you turn off your computer.

- 1. Shut down the operating system:
 - In Windows 8:
 - Using a touch-enabled device:
 - a. Swipe in from the right edge of the screen, opening the Charms menu and select Settings.
 - b. Select the 🙂 and then select **Shut down**
 - Using a mouse:
 - a. Point to upper-right corner of the screen and click Settings.
 - b. Click the ${}^{\bullet}$ and select Shut down.
 - In Windows 7:
 - 1. Click Start 🗐.
 - 2. Click Shut Down.

or

- 1. Click Start 🗐.
- 2. Click the arrow in the lower-right corner of the Start menu as shown below, and then click Shut Down.



 Ensure that the computer and all attached devices are turned off. If your computer and attached devices did not automatically turn off when you shut down your operating system, press and hold the power button for about 6 seconds to turn them off.

After Working Inside Your Computer

After you complete any replacement procedure, ensure you connect any external devices, cards, and cables before turning on your computer.

1. Replace the cover.

CAUTION: To connect a network cable, first plug the cable into the network device and then plug it into the computer.

- 2. Connect any telephone or network cables to your computer.
- 3. Connect your computer and all attached devices to their electrical outlets.
- 4. Turn on your computer.

5. If required, verify that the computer works correctly by running the Dell Diagnostics.

Removing and Installing Components

This section provides detailed information on how to remove or install the components from your computer.

Recommended Tools

The procedures in this document may require the following tools:

- Small flat-blade screwdriver
- Phillips screwdriver
- Small plastic scribe

Removing the Cover

- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Using a screw driver, turn the screw in an anti-clockwise direction.



3. Pull up the cover towards you and lift the cover upwards to remove it from the computer.



Installing the Cover

- **1.** Place the cover on the computer.
- 2. Slide the computer cover towards the front of the chassis until it is fully engaged.
- 3. Tighten the screw in clockwise direction to secure the computer cover.
- 4. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

Removing the Front Bezel

- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove the cover.
- 3. Pry the front panel retention clips away from the chassis located at the side edge of front bezel.



4. Pry the front bezel away from the computer to release the front bezel from the chassis.



Installing the Front Bezel

- 1. Insert the hooks along the bottom edge of the front panel into the slots on the chassis.
- 2. Rotate the bezel toward the computer to engage the front panel retention clips until they click into place.
- 3. Install the cover.
- 4. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

Removing the Drive Cage

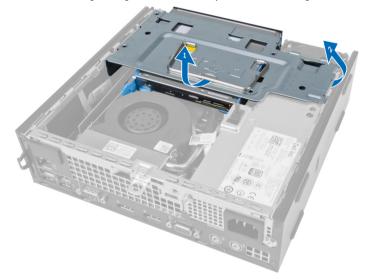
- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove:
 - a. cover
 - b. front bezel



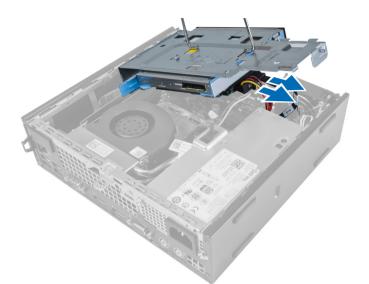
3. Remove the data cable and power cable from the optical drive.



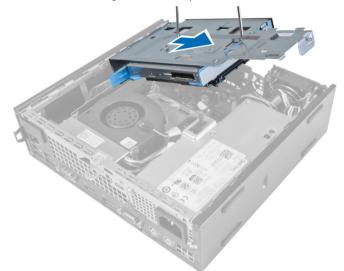
4. Lift the drive cage using the handle and flip over the drive cage.



5. Lift the drive cage and remove the data cable and power cable from the back of the hard drive.



6. Remove the drive cage from the computer.



Installing the Drive Cage

- 1. Place the drive cage on the edge of the computer near the front bezel to allow access to the cable connectors on the hard drive.
- 2. Connect the data cable and power cable to the back of the hard drive.
- 3. Flip over the drive cage and insert it into the chassis.
- 4. Connect the data cable and power cable to the back of the optical drive.
- 5. Install the front bezel.
- 6. Install the cover.
- 7. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

Removing the Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) Card

- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove:
 - a. cover
 - b. front bezel
 - c. drive cage
- **3.** Disconnect the cables from the WLAN card. Pry the clips on the connector till the card pops-out. Lift and remove the WLAN card from the computer.



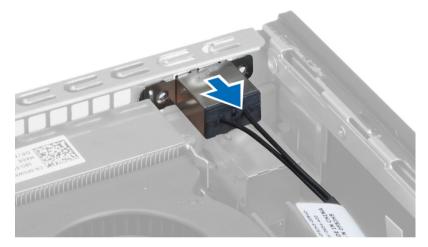
4. Unthread the cable from the computer.



5. Remove the screws that secure the antenna puck to the connector. Pull the antenna puck away from the computer.



6. Slide and remove the connector from the computer.

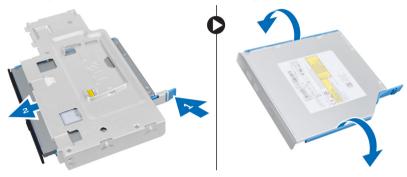


Installing the WLAN Card

- 1. Align and place the connector inside the slot of the computer.
- 2. Align the antenna puck on the connector. Tighten the screws to secure the antenna puck to the WLAN card connector.
- **3.** Thread the cable along the computer.
- 4. Slide the WLAN card into its slot and press it downward until it is locked in place by the securing levers.
- 5. Connect the cables to the WLAN card.
- 6. Install:
 - a. drive cage
 - b. front bezel
 - c. cover
- 7. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

Removing the Optical Drive

- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove:
 - a. cover
 - b. front bezel
 - c. drive cage
- 3. Press the optical-drive latch and then slide the optical drive out.
- 4. Flex the optical-drive bracket and then remove the optical-drive from the bracket.

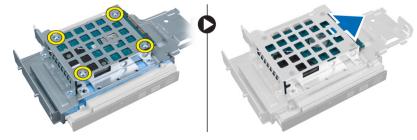


Installing the Optical Drive

- 1. Insert the optical drive in the optical drive bracket.
- 2. Insert the hard drive and optical drive in the drive cage.
- 3. Install the drive cage.
- 4. Install the front bezel.
- 5. Install the cover.
- 6. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

Removing the Hard Drive

- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove:
 - a. cover
 - b. front bezel
 - c. drive cage
- 3. Remove the screws that secure the hard drive to the drive cage.
- 4. Slide the hard drive to release it from the drive cage.



Installing the Hard Drive

- 1. Insert the hard drive into the hard-drive bracket.
- 2. Slide the hard drive back into the drive cage.
- 3. Tighten the screws to secure the hard drive to the drive cage.
- 4. Install the drive cage.
- 5. Install the front bezel.
- 6. Install the cover.
- 7. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

Removing the Intrusion Switch

- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove:
 - a. cover
 - b. front bezel
 - c. drive cage
- 3. Press the clip inwards to release and gently pull the intrusion cable from system board.
- 4. Slide the intrusion switch outward and remove it from the chassis.



Installing the Intrusion Switch

- 1. Insert the intrusion switch into the bracket on the power supply and slide it over to secure it.
- 2. Connect the intrusion cable to the system board.
- **3.** Install the drive cage.
- 4. Install the front bezel.
- 5. Install the cover.
- 6. Follow the procedures in After Working Inside Your Computer.

Memory Module Guidelines

To ensure optimal performance of your computer, observe the following general guidelines when configuring your system memory:

- Memory modules of different sizes can be mixed (for example, 2 GB and 4 GB). But, all populated channels must have identical configurations.
- Memory modules must be installed beginning with the first socket.

NOTE: The memory sockets in your computer may be labeled differently depending on the hardware configuration. For example, A1, A2 or 1,2,3.

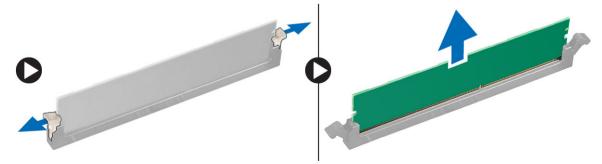
- If the quad-rank memory modules are mixed with single or dual-rank modules, the quad-rank modules must be installed in the sockets with the white release levers.
- If memory modules with different speeds are installed, they operate at the speed of the slowest installed memory modules.

Removing the Memory

- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove:
 - a. cover
 - b. front bezel
 - c. drive cage



3. Press down on the memory retention clips on each side of the memory modules, and lift the memory modules out of the connectors on the system board.

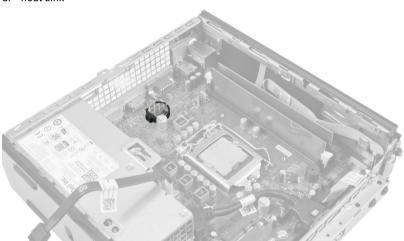


Installing the Memory

- 1. Align the notch on the memory-card with the tab on the system-board connector.
- 2. Press down on the memory module until the release tabs spring back to secure it in place.
- **3.** Install the drive cage.
- **4.** Install the front bezel.
- 5. Install the cover.
- 6. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

Removing the Coin-Cell Battery

- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove:
 - a. cover
 - b. front bezel
 - c. drive cage
 - d. heat sink



3. Carefully press the release latch away from the battery. The battery will pop out from the socket, lift it out of the computer.



Installing the Coin-Cell Battery

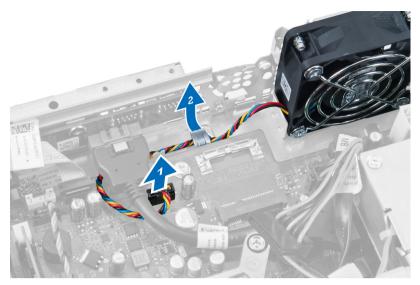
- 1. Place the coin-cell battery into its slot on the system board.
- 2. Press the coin-cell battery downward until the release latch springs back into place and secures it.
- 3. Install the heat sink.
- 4. Install the drive cage.
- 5. Install the front bezel.
- 6. Install the cover.
- 7. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

Removing the System Fan

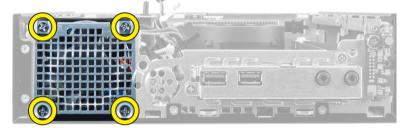
- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove:
 - a. cover
 - b. front bezel
 - c. drive cage



3. Disconnect and unthread the system-fan cable from the system board.



4. Remove the screws that secure the system fan to the chassis.



5. Remove the fan from the chassis.

Installing the System Fan

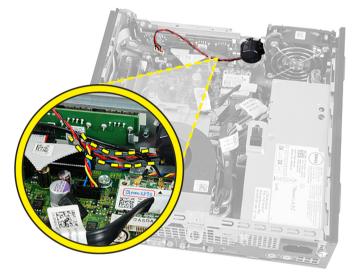
- **1.** Place the system fan in the chassis.
- 2. Tighten the screws that secure the fan to the chassis.
- 3. Thread the system fan connector cables to the chassis clips.
- 4. Connect the system fan cable to the system board.
- 5. Install the drive cage.
- 6. Install the front bezel.
- 7. Install the cover.
- 8. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

Removing the Speaker

- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove:
 - a. cover
 - b. front bezel
 - c. drive cage
- **3.** Disconnect the speaker cable from the system board.



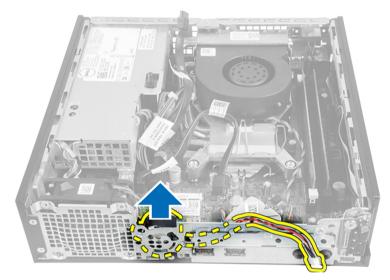
4. Pull out the speaker cable from beneath the system fan cable and Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) antennae (if installed).



5. Release the latch and rotate the speaker.



6. Remove the speaker from the chassis.



Installing the Internal Speaker

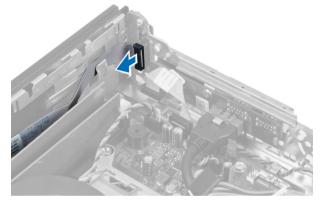
- 1. Place the speaker on the appropriate location of the rear end of the chassis.
- 2. Rotate until the latch is secured in place.
- 3. Route the speaker cable beneath the system fan cable and Wireless Local Area network (WLAN) antennae (if installed).
- 4. Connect the speaker cable to the system board.
- 5. Install the drive cage.
- 6. Install the front bezel.
- 7. Install the cover.
- 8. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

Removing the Power Switch

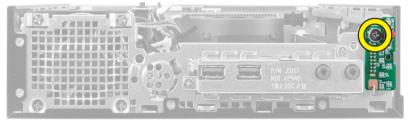
- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove:
 - a. cover
 - b. front bezel
 - c. drive cage



3. Disconnect the power-switch cable from the chassis.



4. Remove the screw and pull the power switch board out of the computer.

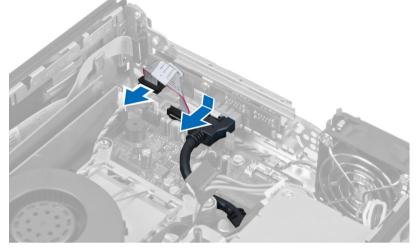


Installing the Power Switch

- 1. Slide the power-switch through the front of the computer and tighten the screw.
- 2. Connect the power-switch cable to the chassis.
- 3. Install the drive cage.
- 4. Install the front bezel.
- 5. Install the cover.
- 6. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

Removing the Input/Output(I/O) Panel

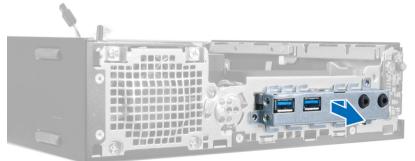
- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove:
 - a. cover
 - b. front bezel
 - c. drive cage
- **3.** Release the power cable and I/O cable from the chassis clip.



4. Remove the screws that secures the I/O panel to the computer.



5. Slide the I/O panel towards the left of the computer to release it and pull the I/O panel along with its cable out of the computer.



6. Remove the screws that secure the I/O panel to the frame.

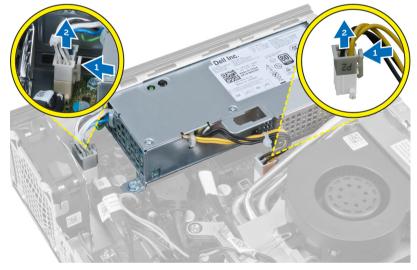


Installing the Input/Output(I/O) Panel

- 1. Align the Input/Output panel with the Input/Output frame and tighten the screws to secure the Input/Output panel.
- 2. Insert the Input/Output panel into the slot on the chassis front.
- 3. Use a screwdriver to tighten the screws to secure the Input/Output panel to the computer.
- 4. Connect the Input/Output panel data cable to the system board.
- 5. Install the drive cage.
- 6. Install the front bezel.
- 7. Install the cover.
- 8. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

Removing the Power Supply Unit

- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove:
 - a. cover
 - b. front bezel
 - c. drive cage
 - d. intrusion switch
 - e. heat sink
- 3. Disconnect the power cables from the system board.



4. Remove the screw that secures the power supply to the system board.



5. Remove the screws that secures the power supply to the chassis.



6. Slide the power supply inward and lift the power supply unit out of the computer.



Installing the Power Supply Unit

- 1. Place the power supply in the chassis and slide outward to secure it.
- 2. Tighten the screws that secure the power supply to the back of the computer.
- 3. Tighten the screws that secures the power supply to the chassis.

- 4. Connect the cables to the system board.
- 5. Install the heat sink.
- 6. Install the intrusion switch.
- 7. Install the drive cage.
- 8. Install the front bezel.
- 9. Install the cover.
- **10.** Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

Removing the Heat Sink

- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove:
 - a. cover
 - b. front bezel
 - c. drive cage



3. Disconnect the heat sink/fan assembly cable from the system board.



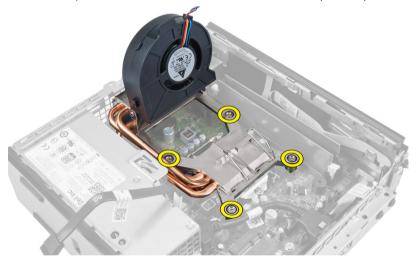
4. Press the release lever down and outward to release the fan retention hook.



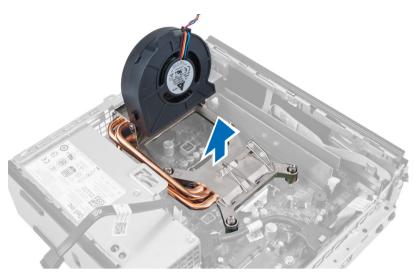
5. Lift the top portion of the heat sink/fan assembly.



6. Loosen the captive screws that secure the heat sink/fan assembly to the system board.



7. Lift the heat sink/fan assembly, and remove it from the computer.



Lay the assembly with the fan facing downward, and with the thermal grease facing upward.

Installing the Heat Sink

- 1. Place the heat sink into the chassis.
- 2. Tighten the captive screws to secure the heat sink to the system board.
- 3. Press the release lever down and inwards to secure the fan retention hook.
- 4. Connect the heat sink cable to the system board.
- 5. Install the drive cage.
- 6. Install the front bezel.
- 7. Install the cover.
- 8. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

Removing the Processor

- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove:
 - a. cover
 - b. front bezel
 - c. drive cage
 - d. heat sink
- 3. Press the release lever down and then move it outward to release it from the retention hook that secures it. Lift the processor cover and remove the processor from its socket.



Installing the Processor

- 1. Insert the processor into the processor socket. Ensure the processor is properly seated.
- 2. Press the release lever down and then move it inward to secure it with the retention hook.
- 3. Install the heat sink.
- 4. Install the drive cage.
- 5. Install the front bezel.
- 6. Install the cover.
- 7. Follow the procedures in After Working Inside Your Computer.

Removing the System Board

- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working Inside Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove:
 - a. cover
 - b. front bezel
 - c. drive cage
 - d. system fan
 - e. power supply
 - f. heat sink
 - g. processor
 - h. memory
 - i. input/output panel
 - j. WLAN card
 - k. speaker
- **3.** Disconnect all the cables connected to the chassis.



4. Disconnect all the cables connected to the system board.



5. Remove the screws that secure the system board to the chassis.



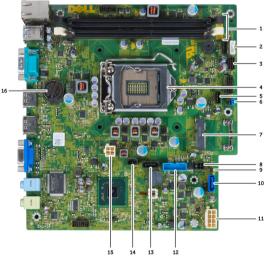
6. Remove the 7–mm hex screw from the system board.



7. Slide the system board towards the front of the computer and remove.



System Board Layout



The following image displays the system board layout.

- 1. memory module connectors
- 3. USB audio connector
- 5. processor
- 7. password jumper
- 9. HDD_ODD power cable
- 11. SATA 0 connector
- 13. Front_USB connector
- 15. intruder connector
- 17. coin-cell battery

- 2. internal speaker cable
- 4. CPU fan connector
- 6. system fan connector
- 8. PCIe mini card
- 10. real time clock reset jumper
- 12. power supply cable
- 14. SATA 1 connector
- 16. 12 V power connector

Installing the System Board

- 1. Align the system board to the port connectors and place the system board in the chassis.
- 2. Tighten the screws securing the system board to the chassis.
- **3.** Connect all the cables to the system board.
- 4. Install the speaker.
- 5. Install the WLAN Card.
- 6. Install the front Input/Output panel.
- 7. Install the memory.
- 8. Install the processor.
- 9. Install the heat sink.
- **10.** Install the power supply.
- **11.** Install the system fan.
- **12.** Install the drive cage.
- **13.** Install the front bezel.
- 14. Install the cover.
- 15. Follow the procedures in *After Working Inside Your Computer*.

System Setup

System Setup enables you to manage your computer hardware and specify BIOS-level options. From the System Setup, you can:

- Change the NVRAM settings after you add or remove hardware
- View the system hardware configuration
- Enable or disable integrated devices
- Set performance and power management thresholds
- Manage your computer security

Boot Sequence

Boot Sequence allows you to bypass the System Setup-defined boot device order and boot directly to a specific device (for example: optical drive or hard drive). During the Power-on Self Test (POST), when the Dell logo appears, you can:

- Access System Setup by pressing <F2> key
- Bring up the one-time boot menu by pressing <F12> key

The one-time boot menu displays the devices that you can boot from including the diagnostic option. The boot-menu options are:

- Removable Drive (if available)
- STXXXX Drive

NOTE: XXX denotes the SATA drive number.

- Optical Drive
- Diagnostics

NOTE: Choosing Diagnostics, will display the **ePSA diagnostics** screen.

The boot sequence screen also displays the option to access the System Setup screen.

Navigation Keys

The following table displays the system setup navigation keys.



NOTE: For most of the system setup options, changes that you make are recorded but do not take effect until you re-start the system.

Table 1. Navigation Keys

•	-
Keys	Navigation
Up arrow	Moves to the previous field.
Down arrow	Moves to the next field.
<enter></enter>	Allows you to select a value in the selected field (if applicable) or follow the link in the field.
Spacebar	Expands or collapses a drop-down list, if applicable.
<tab></tab>	Moves to the next focus area.
	NOTE: For the standard graphics browser only.
<esc></esc>	Moves to the previous page till you view the main screen. Pressing <esc> in the main screen displays a message that prompts you to save any unsaved changes and restarts the system.</esc>
<f1></f1>	Displays the System Setup help file.

System Setup Options

NOTE: Depending on the computer and its installed devices, the items listed in this section may or may not appear

Table 2. General

Option	Description	
System Information	Displays the following information:	
	 System Information - Displays BIOS Version, Service Tag, Asset Tag, Ownership Tag, Ownership Date, Manufacture Date, and the Express Service Code. 	
	 Memory Information - Displays Memory Installed, Memory Available, Memory Speed, Memory Channels Mode, Memory Technology, DIMM 1 Size, DIMM 2 Size, DIMM 3 Size and DIMM 4 Size. 	
	PCI Information - Displays SLOT1, SLOT2, SLOT3, and SLOT4.	
	 Processor Information - Displays Processor Type, Core Count, Processor ID, Current Clock Speed, Minimum Clock Speed, Maximum Clock Speed, Processor L2 Cache, Processor L3 Cache, HT Capable, and 64-Bit Technology. 	
	 Device Information - Displays SATA-0, SATA-1, SATA-2, SATA-3, LOM MAC Address, Audio Controller and Video Controller. 	
Boot Sequence	Allows you to specify the order in which the computer attempts to find an operating system. The options are:	
	Diskette drive	
	 ST320LT007-9ZV142 / ST3250312AS 	
	USB Storage Device	
	CD/DVD/CD-RW Drive	
	Onboard NIC	
Boot List Option	LegacyUEFI	
Date/Time	Allows you to set the date and time. The changes to the system date and time takes effect immediately.	

Table 3. System Configuration

Option	Description
Integrated NIC	Allows you to enable or disable the integrated network card. You can set the integrated NIC to:
	• Disabled
	• Enabled
	Enabled w/PXE
	Enabled w/ImageServer
	NOTE: Depending on the computer and its installed devices, the items listed in this section may or may not appear.
Serial Port	Allows you to define the serial port settings. You can set the serial port to:
	• Disabled
	• COM1
	• COM2
	• COM3
	• COM4
	NOTE: The operating system may allocate resources even though the setting is disabled.
SATA Operation	Allows you to configure the operating mode of the integrated hard drive controller.
	• Disabled - The SATA controllers are hidden.
	• ATA - SATA is configured for ATA mode.
	AHCI - SATA is configured for AHCI mode.
	• RAID ON - SATA is configured to support RAID mode.
Drives	Allows you to enable or disable the various on-board drives:
	• SATA-0
	• SATA-1
	• SATA-2
	• SATA-3
SMART Reporting	This field controls if the hard drive errors for the integrated drives are reported during system startup. This technology is part of the SMART (Self Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology) specification.
	• Enable SMART Reporting - This option is disabled by default.
USB Configuration	This field configures the integrated USB controller. If <i>Boot Support</i> is enabled, the system is allowed to boot any type of USB mass storage devices (HDD, memory key, floppy).
	If USB port is enabled, device attached to this port is enabled and available for operation system.
	operation operation
	If USB port is disabled, the operation system cannot see any device attached to this port.

Option	Description
	For Mini-Tower, Desktop, Small Form Factor the options are:
	Enable Boot Support
	Enable Rear Dual USB Ports
	Enable Rear Quad USB Ports
	Enable Front USB Ports
	For Ultra Small Form Factor, the options are:
	Enable Boot Support
	Enable Rear Dual USB 2.0 Ports
	Enable Rear Dual USB 3.0 Ports
	Enable Front USB Ports
	NOTE: USB keyboard and mouse always work in the BIOS setup irrespective of these settings.
Miscellaneous Devices	Allows you to enable or disable various on-board devices.
	• Enable PCI Slot - This option is enabled by default.

Table 4. Security

Option	Description
Admin Password	This field lets you set, change, or delete the administrator (admin) password (sometimes called the setup password). The admin password enables several security features.
	The drive does not have a password set by default.
	Enter the old password
	Enter the new password
	Confirm the new password
System Password	Allows you to set, change, or delete the computer password (previously called the primary password).
	The drive does not have a password set by default.
	Enter the old password
	Enter the new password
	Confirm the new password
Internal HDD-0 Password	Allows you to set, change, or delete the password on the computer's internal hard disk drive (HDD). Successful changes to this password take effect immediately. The drive does not have a password set by default.
	Enter the old password
	Enter the new password
	Confirm the new password
Strong Password	Enable strong password - This option is disabled by default.
Password Configuration	This field controls the minimum and maximum number of characters allowed for the admin and system passwords.

Option	Description
	Admin Password Min
	Admin Password Max
	System Password Min
	System Password Max
Password Bypass	Allows you to bypass the <i>System Password</i> and the internal HDD password prompts during a system restart.
	 Disabled - Always prompt for the system and internal HDD password when they are set. This option is disabled by default.
	Reboot Bypass - Bypass the password prompts on restarts (warm boots).
	NOTE: The system will always prompt for the system and internal HDD passwords when powered on from the off state (a cold boot). Also, the system will always prompt for passwords on any module bay HDDs that may be present.
Password Change	Allows you to determine whether changes to the system and hard disk passwords are permitted when an administrator password is set.
	• Allow Non-Admin Password Changes - This option is enabled by default.
TPM Security	This option lets you control whether the Trusted Platform Module (TPM) in the system is enabled and visible to the operating system. TPM Security - This option is disabled by default.
	NOTE: Activation, deactivation, and clear options are not affected if you load the setup program's default values. Changes to this option take effect immediately.
Computrace	This field lets you activate or disable the BIOS module interface of the optional <i>Computrace Service</i> from <i>Absolute Software</i> .
	 Deactivate - This option is disabled by default. Disable
	Activate
CPU XD Support	Allows you to enable or disable the execute disable mode of the processor.
	• Enable CPU XD Support - This option is enabled by default.
OROM Keyboard Access	Allows you to determine if you access the Option Read Only Memory (OROM) configuration screens via hotkeys during boot. These settings prevent access to the Intel RAID (CTRL+I) or Intel Management Engine BIOS Extension (CTRL+P/F12).
	 Enable - User may enter OROM configuration screens via the hotkey. One-Time Enable - User can enter the OROM configuration screens via the hotkeys during the next boot. After the boot, the setting will revert to disabled. Disable - User can not enter the OROM configuration screens via the hotkey.
	v , ,
	This option is set to Enable by default.
Admin Setup Lockout	Allows you to enable or disable the option to enter setup when an admin password is set.
	• Enable Admin Setup Lockout - This option is not set by default.

Table 5. Secure Boot

Option	Description
Secure Boot Enable	Allows you to enable or disable Secure Boot feature
	• Disable
	• Enable
Expert key Management	Allows you to manipulate the security key databases only if the system is in Custom Mode. The Enable Custom Mode option is disabled by default. The options are:
	• PK
	• KEK
	• db
	• dbx
	If you enable the Custom Mode , the relevant options for PK, KEK, db, and dbx appear. The options are:
	• Save to File- Saves the key to a user-selected file
	• Replace from File- Replaces the current key with a key from a user-selected file
	• Append from File- Adds a key to the current database from a user-selected file
	Delete- Deletes the selected key
	Reset All Keys- Resets to default setting
	Delete All Keys- Deletes all the keys
	NOTE: If you disable the Custom Mode, all the changes made will be erased and the keys will restore to default settings.

Table 6. Performance

Option	Description
Multi Core Support	Specifies whether the process will have one or all cores enabled. The performance of some applications will improve with the additional cores.
	All - Enabled by default
	• 1
	• 2
Intel® SpeedStep [™]	Allows you to enable or disable the Intel SpeedStep mode of the processor. This option is enabled by default.
C States Control	Allows you to enable or disable the additional processor sleep states. This option is enabled by default.
Intel® TurboBoost™	Allows you to enable or disable Intel TurboBoost mode of the processor.
	 Disabled - Does not allow the TurboBoost driver to increase the performance state of the processor above the standard performance.
	 Enabled - Allows the Intel TurboBoost driver to increase the performance of the CPU or graphics processor.
Hyper-Thread Control	Allows you to enable or disable the Hyper-Threading technology. This option is disabled by default.

Table 7. Power Management

Option	Description
AC Recovery	Specifies how the computer will respond when AC power is applied after an AC power loss. You can set the AC Recovery to:
	Power Off (default)
	Power On
	Last Power State
Auto On Time	This option sets the time of the day when you would like the system to turn on automatically. Time is kept in standard 12-hour format (hour:minutes:seconds). The startup time can be changed by typing the values in the time and A.M./P.M. fields.
	• Disabled - The system will not automatically power up.
	• Every Day - The system will power up every day at the time you specified above .
	 Weekdays - The system will power up Monday through Friday at the time you specified above.
	 Select Days - The system will power up on days selected above at the time you specified above.
	NOTE: This feature does not work if you turn off your computer using the switch on a power strip or surge protector or if Auto Power is set to disabled .
Deep Sleep Control	Allows you to define the controls when Deep Sleep is enabled.
	Disabled
	Enabled in S5 only
	Enabled in S4 and S5
	This option is disabled by default.
Fan Control Override	Controls the speed of the system fan. This option is disabled by default.
	NOTE: When enabled, the fan runs at full speed.
USB Wake Support	This option allows you to enable USB devices to wake the computer from standby.
	Enable USB Wake Support - This option is disabled by default.
Wake on LAN	This option allows the computer to power up from the off state when triggered by a special LAN signal. Wake-up from the Standby state is unaffected by this setting and must be enabled in the operating system. This feature only works when the computer is connected to AC power supply. The options differ based on the form factor.
	 Disabled - Does not allow the system to power on by special LAN signals when it receives a wake-up signal from the LAN or wireless LAN.
	• LAN Only - Allows the system to be powered on by special LAN signals.
	 WLAN Only - Allows the system to be powered on by special WLAN signals. (For Ultra Small Form Factor only)
	 LAN or WLAN - Allows the system to be powered on by special LAN or WLAN signals. (For Ultra Small Form Factor only)
	This option is Disabled by default.
Block Sleep	This option lets you block entering to sleep (S3 state) in operating system environment.

Option Description

• Block Sleep (S3 state) - This option is disabled by default.

Table 8. POST Behavior

Option	Description
Numlock LED	Specifies if the NumLock function can be enabled when the system boots. This option is enabled by default.
Keyboard Errors	Specifies whether keyboard related errors are reported when it boots. This option is enabled by default.
POST Hotkeys	Specifies whether the sign-on screen displays a message, that displays the keystroke sequence required to enter the BIOS Boot Option Menu.
	• Enable F12 Boot Option menu - This option is enabled by default.

Table 9. Virtualization Support

Option	Description
Virtualization	This option specifies whether a Virtual Machine Monitor (VMM) can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Intel Virtualization technology.
	• Enable Intel Virtualization Technology - This option is enabled by default.
VT for Direct I/O	Enables or disables the Virtual Machine Monitor (VMM) from utilizing the additional hardware capabilities provided by Intel® Virtualization technology for direct I/O.
	 Enable Intel Virtualization Technology for Direct I/O - This option is enabled by default.
Trusted Execution	This option specifies whether a Measured Virtual Machine Monitor (MVMM) can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Intel Trusted Execution technology. The TPM virtualization technology, and Virtualization technology for direct I/O must be enabled to use this feature.
	• Trusted Execution - This option is disabled by default.

Table 10. Maintenance

Option	Description
Service Tag	Displays the Service Tag of your computer.
Asset Tag	Allows you to create a system asset tag if an asset tag is not already set. This option is not set by default.
SERR Messages	Controls the SERR message mechanism. This option is not set by default. Some graphics cards require that the SERR message mechanism be disabled.

Table 11. Image Server

Option	Description
Lookup Method	Specifies how the ImageServer looks up the server address.
	Static IP

Option	Description
	• DNS (enabled by default)
	NOTE: This field is only relevant when the <i>Integrated NIC</i> control in the <i>System Configuration</i> group is set to <i>Enabled with ImageServer</i> .
ImageServer IP	Specifies the primary static IP address of the ImageServer with which the client software communicates. The default IP address is 255.255.255.255 .
	NOTE: This field is only relevant when the <i>Integrated NIC</i> control in the <i>System Configuration</i> group is set to <i>Enabled with ImageServer</i> and when <i>Lookup Method</i> is set to <i>Static IP</i> .
ImageServer Port	Specifies the primary IP port of the ImageServer, which can be used by the client to communicate. The default IP port is 06910 .
	NOTE: This field is only relevant when the <i>Integrated NIC</i> control in the <i>System Configuration</i> group is set to <i>Enabled with ImageServer</i> .
Client DHCP	Specifies how the client obtains the IP address.
	Static IPDHCP (enabled by default)
	NOTE: This field is only relevant when the <i>Integrated NIC</i> control in the <i>System Configuration</i> group is set to <i>Enabled with ImageServer</i> .
Client IP	Specifies the static IP address of the client. The default IP address is 255.255.255.255.
	NOTE: This field is only relevant when the <i>Integrated NIC</i> control in the <i>System Configuration</i> group is set to <i>Enabled with ImageServer</i> and when <i>Client DHCP</i> is set to <i>Static IP</i> .
Client SubnetMask	Specifies the subnet mask of the client. The default setting is 255.255.255.255 .
	NOTE: This field is only relevant when the <i>Integrated NIC</i> control in the <i>System Configuration</i> group is set to <i>Enabled with ImageServer</i> and when <i>Client DHCP</i> is set to <i>Static IP</i> .
Client Gateway	Specifies the gateway IP address for the client. The default setting is 255.255.255.255.
	NOTE: This field is only relevant when the <i>Integrated NIC</i> control in the <i>System Configuration</i> group is set to <i>Enabled with ImageServer</i> and when <i>Client DHCP</i> is set to <i>Static IP</i> .
License Status	Displays the current license status.
Table 12. System Logs	
Option	Description
BIOS events	Displays the system event log and allows you to clear the log.

• Clear Log

Updating the BIOS

It is recommended to update your BIOS (system setup), on replacing the system board or if an update is available. For laptops, ensure that your computer battery is fully charged and connected to a power outlet

- 1. Re-start the computer.
- 2. Go to dell.com/support.
- 3. Enter the Service Tag or Express Service Code and click Submit.

NOTE: To locate the Service Tag, click Where is my Service Tag?

NOTE: If you cannot find your Service Tag, click **Detect My Product**. Proceed with the instructions on screen.

- 4. If you are unable to locate or find the Service Tag, click the Product Category of your computer.
- 5. Choose the Product Type from the list.
- 6. Select your computer model and the **Product Support** page of your computer appears.
- 7. Click Get drivers and click View All Drivers.

The Drivers and Downloads page opens.

- 8. On the Drivers and Downloads screen, under the Operating System drop-down list, select BIOS.
- 9. Identify the latest BIOS file and click **Download File**.

You can also analyze which drivers need an update. To do this for your product, click **Analyze System for Updates** and follow the instructions on the screen.

 Select your preferred download method in the Please select your download method below window, click Download File.

The File Download window appears.

- **11.** Click **Save** to save the file on your computer.
- **12.** Click **Run** to install the updated BIOS settings on your computer. Follow the instructions on the screen.

Jumper Settings

To change a jumper setting, pull the plug off its pin(s) and carefully fit it down onto the pin(s) indicated on the system board. The following table displays the system board jumper settings.

Table 13. Jumper Settings

Jumper	Setting	Description
PSWD	Default	Password features are enabled
RTCRST	pin 1 and 2	Real-time clock reset. Can be used for troubleshooting.

System and Setup Password

You can create a system password and a setup password to secure your computer.

Password Type	Description
System password	Password that you must enter to log on to your system.

Password Type Description

Setup password Password that you must enter to access and make changes to the BIOS settings of your computer.

CAUTION: The password features provide a basic level of security for the data on your computer.

CAUTION: Anyone can access the data stored on your computer if it is not locked and left unattended.

NOTE: Your computer is shipped with the system and setup password feature disabled.

Assigning a System Password and Setup Password

You can assign a new System Password and/or Setup Password or change an existing System Password and/or Setup Password only when Password Status is Unlocked. If the Password Status is Locked, you cannot change the System Password.



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NOTE: If the password jumper is disabled, the existing System Password and Setup Password are deleted and you need not provide the system password to log on to the computer.

To enter a system setup, press <F2> immediately after a power-on or re-boot.

- In the System BIOS or System Setup screen, select System Security and press <Enter>. The System Security screen appears.
- 2. In the System Security screen, verify that Password Status is Unlocked.
- Select System Password , enter your system password, and press <Enter> or <Tab>.
 Use the following guidelines to assign the system password:
 - A password can have up to 32 characters.
 - The password can contain the numbers 0 through 9.
 - Only lower case letters are valid, upper case letters are not allowed.
 - Only the following special characters are allowed: space, ("), (+), (,), (-), (.), (/), (;), ([), (\), (]), (`).

Re-enter the system password when prompted.

- 4. Type the system password that you entered earlier and click OK.
- Select Setup Password, type your system password and press <Enter> or <Tab>.
 A message prompts you to re-type the setup password.
- 6. Type the setup password that you entered earlier and click OK.
- 7. Press <Esc> and a message prompts you to save the changes.
- Press <Y> to save the changes. The computer reboots.

Deleting or Changing an Existing System and/or Setup Password

Ensure that the **Password Status** is Unlocked (in the System Setup) before attempting to delete or change the existing System and/or Setup password. You cannot delete or change an existing System or Setup password, if the **Password Status** is Locked.

To enter the System Setup, press <F2> immediately after a power-on or reboot.

- In the System BIOS or System Setup screen, select System Security and press <Enter>. The System Security screen is displayed.
- 2. In the System Security screen, verify that Password Status is Unlocked.

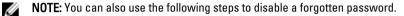
- 3. Select System Password, alter or delete the existing system password and press <Enter> or <Tab>.
- 4. Select Setup Password, alter or delete the existing setup password and press <Enter> or <Tab>.

NOTE: If you change the System and/or Setup password, re-enter the new password when promoted. If you delete the System and/or Setup password, confirm the deletion when promoted.

- 5. Press <Esc> and a message prompts you to save the changes.
- Press <Y> to save the changes and exit from the System Setup. The computer reboots.

Disabling a System Password

The system's software security features include a system password and a setup password. The password jumper disables any password(s) currently in use.



- 1. Follow the procedures in *Before Working on Your Computer*.
- 2. Remove the cover.
- 3. Identify the PSWD jumper on the system board.
- 4. Remove the PSWD jumper from the system board.

NOTE: The existing passwords are not disabled (erased) until the computer boots without the jumper.

5. Install the cover.

NOTE: If you assign a new system and/or setup password with the PSWD jumper installed, the system disables the new password(s) the next time it boots.

- 6. Connect the computer to the electrical outlet and power-on the computer.
- 7. Power-off the computer and disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet.
- 8. Remove the cover.
- 9. Replace the PSWD jumper on the system board.
- 10. Install the cover.
- 11. Follow the procedures in After Working on Your Computer.
- 12. Power-on the computer.
- 13. Go to the system setup, and assign a new system or setup password. See Setting up a System Password.

4

Diagnostics

If you experience a problem with your computer, run the ePSA diagnostics before contacting Dell for technical assistance. The purpose of running diagnostics is to test your computer's hardware without requiring additional equipment or risking data loss. If you are unable to fix the problem yourself, service and support personnel can use the diagnostics results to help you solve the problem.

Enhanced Pre-Boot System Assessment (ePSA) Diagnostics

The ePSA diagnostics (also known as system diagnostics) performs a complete check of your hardware. The ePSA is embedded with the BIOS and is launched by the BIOS internally. The embedded system diagnostics provides a set of options for particular devices or device groups allowing you to:

- Run tests automatically or in an interactive mode
- Repeat tests

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- Display or save test results
- · Run thorough tests to introduce additional test options to provide extra information about the failed device(s)
- · View status messages that inform you if tests are completed successfully
- · View error messages that inform you of problems encountered during testing

CAUTION: Use the system diagnostics to test only your computer. Using this program with other computers may cause invalid results or error messages.

NOTE: Some tests for specific devices require user interaction. Always ensure that you are present at the computer terminal when the diagnostic tests are performed.

- 1. Power-on the computer.
- 2. As the computer boots, press the <F12> key as the Dell logo appears.
- On the boot menu screen, select the Diagnostics option.
 The Enhanced Pre-boot System Assessment window is displayed, listing all devices detected in the computer. The diagnostics starts running the tests on all the detected devices.
- 4. If you wish to run a diagnostic test on a specific device, press <Esc> and click Yes to stop the diagnostic test.
- 5. Select the device from the left pane and click **Run Tests**.
- If there are any issues, error codes are displayed. Note the error code and contact Dell.

Troubleshooting Your Computer

You can troubleshoot your computer using indicators like Diagnostic Lights, Beep Codes, and Error Messages during the operation of the computer.

Power LED Diagnostics

The power button LED located on the front of the chassis also functions as a bicolored diagnostic LED. The diagnostic LED is only active and visible during the POST process. Once the operating system starts to load, it is no longer visible.

Amber LED blinking scheme – The pattern is 2 or 3 blinks followed by a short pause then x number of blinks up to 7. The repeated pattern has a long pause inserted in the middle. For example 2,3 = 2 amber blinks, short pause, 3 amber blinks followed by long pause then repeats.

Amber LED State	White LED State	Description	
off	off	system is OFF	
off	blinking	system is in sleep state	
blinking	off	power supply unit (PSU) failure	
steady	off	PSU is working but failed to fetch code	
off	steady	system is ON	
Amber LED State	Description		
2,1	system board failure		
2,2	system board, PSU or PSU cabling failure		
2,3	system board, memory or CPU failure		
2, 4	coin-cell battery failure		
2,5	corrupt BIOS		
2,6	CPU configuration failure or CPU failure		
2,7	memory modules are detecte	memory modules are detected, but a memory failure	
3,1	possible peripheral card or s	possible peripheral card or system board failure	
3,2	possible USB failure	possible USB failure	
3,3	no memory modules are detected		
3,4	possible system board error	possible system board error	
3,5	memory modules are detected, but a memory configuration or compatibility error		
3,6	possible system board resou	possible system board resource and/or hardware failure	

Table 14. Power LED Diagnostics

Amber LED State Description

3,7

some other failure with messages on screen

Beep Code

The computer can emit a series of beeps during start-up if the display does not show errors or problems. These series of beeps, called beep codes, identify various problems. The delay between each beep is 300 ms, the delay between each set of beeps is 3 sec, and the beep sound lasts 300 ms. After each beep and each set of beeps, the BIOS should detect if the user presses the power button. If so, BIOS will jump out from looping and execute the normal shutdown process and power system.

Code	1-3-2
Cause	Memory failure

Error Messages

Error Message	Description
Address mark not found	The BIOS found a faulty disk sector or could not find a particular disk sector.
Alert! Previous attempts at booting this system have failed at checkpoint [nnnn]. For help in resolving this problem, please note this checkpoint and contact Dell Technical Support.	The computer failed to complete the boot routine three consecutive times for the same error. Contact Dell and report the checkpoint code (nnnn) to the support technician
Alert! Security override Jumper is installed.	The MFG_MODE jumper has been set and AMT Management features are disabled until it is removed.
Attachment failed to respond	The floppy or hard drive controller cannot send data to the associated drive.
Bad command or file name	Ensure that you have spelled the command correctly, put spaces in the proper place, and used the correct pathname.
Bad error-correction code (ECC) on disk read	The floppy or hard drive controller detected an uncorrectable read error.
Controller has failed	The hard drive or the associated controller is defective.
Data error	The floppy or hard drive cannot read the data. For the Windows operating system, run the chkdsk utility to check the file structure of the floppy or hard drive. For any other operating system, run the appropriate corresponding utility.

Error Message	Description
Decreasing available memory	One or more memory modules may be faulty or improperly seated. Re-install the memory modules and, if necessary, replace them.
Diskette drive 0 seek failure	A cable may be loose or the computer configuration information may not match the hardware configuration.
Diskette read failure	The floppy disk may be defective or a cable may be loose. If the drive access light turns on, try a different disk.
Diskette subsystem reset failed	The floppy drive controller may be faulty.
Gate A20 failure	One or more memory modules may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory modules and, if necessary, replace them.
General failure	The operating system is unable to carry out the command. This message is usually followed by specific information—for example, Printer out of paper . Take the appropriate action to resolve the problem.
Hard-disk drive configuration error	The hard drive failed initialization.
Hard-disk drive controller failure	The hard drive failed initialization.
Hard-disk drive failure	The hard drive failed initialization.
Hard-disk drive read failure	The hard drive failed initialization.
Invalid configuration information-please run SETUP program	The computer configuration information does not match the hardware configuration.
Invalid Memory configuration, please populate DIMM1	DIMM1 slot does not recognize a memory module. The module should be re-seated or installed.
Keyboard failure	A cable or connector may be loose, or the keyboard or keyboard/mouse controller may be faulty.
Memory address line failure at address, read value expecting value	A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory modules and, if necessary, replace them.
Memory allocation error	The software you are attempting to run is conflicting with the operating system, another program, or a utility.
Memory data line failure at address, read value expecting value	A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory modules and, if necessary, replace them.

Error Message	Description
Memory double word logic failure at address, read value expecting value	A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory modules and, if necessary, replace them.
Memory odd/even logic failure at address, read value expecting value	A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory modules and, if necessary, replace them
Memory write/read failure at address, read value expecting value	A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory modules and, if necessary, replace them.
Memory size in CMOS invalid	The amount of memory recorded in the computer configuration information does not match the memory installed in the computer.
Memory tests terminated by keystroke	A keystroke interrupted the memory test.
No boot device available	The computer cannot find the floppy disk or hard drive.
No boot sector on hard-disk drive	The computer configuration information in System Setup may be incorrect.
No timer tick interrupt	A chip on the system board might be malfunctioning.
Non-system disk or disk error	The floppy disk in drive A does not have a bootable operating system installed on it. Either replace the floppy disk with one that has a bootable operating system, or remove the floppy disk from drive A and restart the computer.
Not a boot diskette	The operating system is trying to boot to a floppy disk that does not have a bootable operating system installed on it. Insert a bootable floppy disk.
Plug and play configuration error	The computer encountered a problem while trying to configure one or more cards.
Read fault	The operating system cannot read from the floppy or hard drive, the computer could not find a particular sector on the disk, or the requested sector is defective.
Requested sector not found	The operating system cannot read from the floppy or hard drive, the computer could not find a particular sector on the disk, or the requested sector is defective.
Reset failed	The disk re-set operation failed.
Sector not found	The operating system cannot locate a sector on the floppy or hard drive.
Seek error	The operating system cannot find a specific track on the floppy disk or hard drive.
Shutdown failure	A chip on the system board might be malfunctioning.
Time-of-day clock stopped	The battery might be dead.

Error Message	Description
Time-of-day not set- please run the System Setup program	The time or date stored in System Setup does not match the computer clock.
Timer chip counter 2 failed	A chip on the system board may be malfunctioning.
Unexpected interrupt in protected mode	The keyboard controller may be malfunctioning or a memory module may be loose.
WARNING: Dell's Disk Monitoring System has detected that drive [0/1] on the [primary/secondary] EIDE controller is operating outside of normal specifications. It is advisable to immediately back up your data and replace your hard drive by calling your support desk or Dell.	During initial startup, the drive detected possible error conditions. When your computer finishes booting, immediately back up your data and replace your hard drive (for installation procedures, see "Adding and Removing Parts" for your computer type). If no replacement drive is immediately available and the drive is not the only bootable drive, enter System Setup and change the appropriate drive setting to None . Then remove the drive from the computer.
Write fault	The operating system cannot write to the floppy or hard drive.
Write fault on selected drive	The operating system cannot write to the floppy or hard drive.

Specifications

NOTE: Offerings may vary by region. For more information regarding the configuration of your computer, click Start

 $^{\textcircled{0}}$ (Start icon) ightarrow Help and Support, and then select the option to view information about your computer.

Table 15. Processor

Optiplex 7010

Optiplex 9010

Feature	Specification	
Processor type	 Intel Core i3 series Intel Core i5 series Intel Core i7 series Intel Pentium Dual Core series Intel Celeron series Intel Celeron series is only available for the Dell OptiPlex 7010. 	
Total Cache	Up to 8 MB cache depending on processor type	
Table 16. Memory		
Feature	Specification	
Туре	DDR3	
Speed	1600 MHz	
Connectors:		
Desktop, Mini-Tower, Small Form Factor	four DIMM slots	
Ultra Small Form Factor	two DIMM slots	
Capacity		
Optiplex 7010	2 GB, 4 GB, 6 GB, 8 GB, and 16 GB	
Optiplex 9010	2 GB, 4 GB, 6 GB, 8 GB, 16 GB, and 32 GB	
Minimum Memory	2 GB	
Maximum memory:		

16 GB

32 GB

Table 17. Video

Feature	Specification	
Integrated	Intel HD Graphics (Celero/Pentium CPU-GPU)	
	 Intel HD Graphics 2000 (iCore DC/QC Intel 7 Series Express Chipset CPU-GPU combo) 	
	 Intel HD Graphics 2500/4000 (i3/i5/i7 DC/QC Intel 7 Series Express Chipset CPU-GPU Combo) 	
Discrete	PCI Express x16 graphics adapter	
Table 18. Audio		
Feature	Specification	
Integrated	two Channel High Definition Audio	
Table 19. Network		
Feature	Specification	
Integrated	Intel 82579LM Ethernet capable of 10/100/1000 Mb/s communication	
Table 20. System Information		
Feature	Specification	
System Chipset	Intel 7 Series Express Chipset	
DMA Channels	two 82C37 DMA controllers with seven independently programmable channels	
Interrupt Levels	Integrated I/O APIC capability with 24 interrupts	
BIOS Chip (NVRAM)	12 MB	
Table 21. Expansion Bus		
Feature	Specification	
Bus Type	PCIe gen2, gen3 (x16), USB 2.0, and USB 3.0	
Bus Speed	PCI Express:	
	 x1-slot bidirectional speed – 500 MB/s x16-slot bidirectional speed – 16 GB/s 	
	SATA: 1.5 Gbps, 3.0 Gbps, and 6 Gbps	
Table 22. Cards		
Feature	Specification	
PCI:		
Mini-Tower	up to one full-height card	

Feature	Specification
Desktop	up to one low-profile card
Small Form Factor	none
Ultra Small Form Factor	none
PCI Express x1:	
Mini-Tower	up to three full-height cards
Desktop	up to three low-profile cards
Small Form Factor	up to two low-profile cards
Ultra Small Form Factor	none
PCI-Express x16:	
Mini-Tower	up to two full-height cards
Desktop	up to two low-profile cards
Small Form Factor	up to two low-profile cards
Ultra Small Form Factor	none
Mini PCI Express:	
Mini-Tower	none
Desktop	none
Small Form Factor	none
Ultra Small Form Factor	up to one half-height card

Table 23. Drives

Feature	Specification	Specification	
Externally Accessible (5.25-inch drive bays	s)		
Mini-Tower	two		
Desktop	one		
Small Form Factor	one slim optical drive bay		
Ultra Small Form Factor	one slim optical drive bay		
Internally Accessible	3.5-inch SATA drive bays	2.5-inch SATA drive bays	
Mini-Tower	two	two	
Desktop	one	two	
Small Form Factor	one	two	
Ultra Small Form Factor	none	one	

Table 24. External Connectors

Feature	Specification	
Audio:		
Front Panel	one microphone connector and one headphone connector	
Back Panel	one line-out connector and one line-in/microphone connector	
Network Adapter	one RJ45 connector	
Serial	one 9-pin connector; 16550 C compatible	
Parallel	one 25-pin connector (optional for mini-tower, desktop and small form factor)	
USB 2.0:		
Mini-Tower, Desktop, Small Form Factor	Front Panel: two	
	Back Panel: four	
Ultra Small Form Factor	Front Panel: none	
	Back Panel: two	
USB 3.0:	Front Panel: two	
	Back Panel: two	
Video	15-pin VGA connectortwo 20-pin DisplayPort connectors	
	NOTE: Video connectors may vary based on the graphics card selected.	

Feature	Specification	
PCI 2.3 data width (maximum) – 32 bits:		
Mini-Tower and Desktop	one 120-pin connector	
Small Form Factor and Ultra Small Form Factor	none	
PCI Express x1 data width (maximum) – one PCI Express lane:		
Mini-Tower and Desktop	one 36-pin connector	
Small Form Factor and Ultra Small Form Factor	none	
PCI Express x16 (wired as x4) data width (maximum) – four PCI Express lar	nes:	
Mini-Tower, Desktop, Small Form Factor	one 164-pin connector	
Ultra Small Form Factor	none	
PCI Express x16 data width (maximum) – 16 PCI Express lanes:		
Mini-Tower, Desktop, Small Form Factor	one 164-pin connector	
Ultra Small Form Factor	none	

Table 25. Internal Connectors

Feature	Specification	
Mini PCI Express data width (maximum) – one PCI Express lane and	d one USB interface:	
Mini-Tower, Desktop, Small Form Factor none		
Ultra Small Form Factor	one 52-pin connector	
Serial ATA:		
Mini-Tower	four 7-pin connectors	
Desktop three 7-pin connectors		
Small Form Factor	three 7-pin connectors	
Ultra Small Form Factor	two 7-pin connectors	
Memory:		
Mini-Tower, Desktop, Small Form Factor	four 240-pin connectors	
Ultra Small Form Factor	two 240-pin connectors	
Internal USB:		
Mini-Tower and Desktop	one 10-pin connector	
Small Form Factor and Ultra Small Form Factor none		
System Fan	one 5-pin connector	
Front panel control:		
Mini-Tower, Desktop, Small Form Factor	one 6–pin and two 20–pin connector	
Ultra Small Form Factor	one 14–pin, one 20–pin and one 10–pir connector	
Thermal Sensor	one 2-pin connector	
Processor	one 1155-pin connector	
Processor Fan	one 5-pin connector	
Service mode jumper	one 2-pin connector	
Password clear jumper one 2-pin connector		
RTC reset jumper	one 2-pin connector	
Internal speaker one 5-pin connector		
Intruder connector	one 3-pin connector	
Power connector:		
Mini-Tower, Desktop, Small Form Factor	one 24-pin and one 4-pin connector	
Ultra Small Form Factor	one 8-pin, one 6-pin, and one 4-pin connector	

Table 26. Controls and Lights

Feature	Specification	
Front of the computer:		
Power button light	White light — Solid white light indicates power-on state; blinki white light indicates sleep state of the computer.	
Drive activity light	White light — Blinking white light indicates that the computer reading data from or writing data to the hard drive.	
Back of the computer:		
Link integrity light on integrated network adapter	Green — a good 10 Mbps connection exists between the network and the computer.	
	Orange — a good 100 Mbps connection exists between the network and the computer.	
	Yellow — a good 1000 Mbps connection exists between the network and the computer.	
	Off (no light) — the computer is not detecting a physical connection to the network.	
Network activity light on integrated network adapter	Yellow light — A blinking yellow light indicates that network activity is present.	
Power supply diagnostic light	Green light — The power supply is turned on and is functional. The power cable must be connected to the power connector (at the back of the computer) and the electrical outlet.	

Table 27. Power

NOTE: Heat dissipation is calculated by using the power supply wattage rating.

Power	Wattage	Maximum Heat Dissipation	Voltage
Mini-Tower	275 W	1390 BTU/hr	100 VAC to 240 VAC, 50 Hz to 60 Hz, 5.0 A
Desktop	250 W	1312 BTU/hr	100 VAC to 240 VAC, 50 Hz to 60 Hz, 4.4 A
Small Form Factor	240 W	1259 BTU/hr	100 VAC to 240 VAC, 50 Hz to 60 Hz, 3.6 A
Ultra Small Form Factor	200 W	758 BTU/hr	100 VAC to 240 VAC, 50 Hz to 60 Hz, 2.9 A
Coin-cell battery		3 V CR2032 lithium coin cell	

Table 28. Physical Dimension

Physical	Height	Width	Depth	Weight
Mini-Tower	36.00 cm (14.17 inches)	17.50 cm (6.89 inches)	41.70 cm (16.42 inches)	9.40 kg (20.72 lb)
Desktop	36.00 cm (14.17 inches)	10.20 cm (4.01 inches)	41.00 cm (16.14 inches)	7.90 kg (17.42 lb)
Small Form Factor	29.00 cm (11.42 inches)	9.30 cm (3.66 inches)	31.20 cm (12.28 inches)	6.00 kg (13.22 lb)
Ultra Small Form Factor	23.70 cm (9.33 inches)	6.50 cm (2.56 inches)	24.00 cm (9.45 inches)	3.30 kg (7.28 lb)

Table 29. Environmental

Feature	Specification	
Temperature range:		
Operating	10 °C to 35 °C (50 °F to 95 °F)	
Storage	–40 °C to 65 °C (–40 °F to 149 °F)	
Relative humidity (maximum):		
Operating	20% to 80% (non-condensing)	
Storage	5% to 95% (non-condensing)	
Maximum vibration:		
Operating	0.26 GRMS	
Storage	2.20 GRMS	
Maximum shock:		
Operating	40 G	
Storage	105 G	
Altitude:		
Operating	-15.20 m to 3048 m (-50 ft to 10,000 ft)	
Storage	-15.20 m to 10,668 m (-50 ft to 35,000 ft)	
Airborne contaminant level	G1 or lower as defined by ANSI/ISA-S71.04-1985	

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Contacting Dell

To contact Dell for sales, technical support, or customer service issues:

- 1. Visit support.dell.com.
- 2. Verify your country or region in the **Choose a Country/Region** drop-down menu at the bottom of the page.
- 3. Click **Contact Us** on the left side of the page.
- 4. Select the appropriate service or support link based on your need.
- 5. Choose the method of contacting Dell that is convenient for you.